JULÝ - 2014

<u>BAHA'I</u>	
JULY 9	Martyrdom of the Bab : Anniversary of the martyrdom of the Bab, the forerunner of Baha'u'llah, in 1850. (Work should be suspended on this day.)
BUDDHIST	
JULY 12	Asala Dharma Day: Anniversary of the start of Buddha's teaching – his first sermon, "The Wheel of Truth", after his enlightenment.
<u>HINDU</u>	
JULY 12	Guru Purnima: Celebration of the ancient Gurus. A Guru is seen as a remover of darkness, a teacher.
ISLAM	
JULY 23	Laila Al-Qadr: . Islamic night of power and destiny. First revelation of Qur'an to Mohammed. Observed during the last ten days of Ramadan. Prayers to Allah for a good destiny.
JULY 28	End of Ramadan: this is a month long commemoration of Muhammad's reception of the divine revelation recorded in the Qur'an. It is the holiest period of the Islamic Year. There is strict fasting from sunrise to sunset.
MORMON	
JULY 24	Pioneer Day : Mormon observance of Brigham Young's arrival with the first settlers to Salt Lake City, Utah on July 24, 1847.

AUGUST - 2014

<u>CHRISTIAN</u>	
AUGUST 15	Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary : Commemorates the belief that the Blessed Virgin Mary, mother of Jesus, was assumed body and soul into heaven at the end of her earthly life.
<u>HINDU</u>	
AUGUST 10	Raksha Bandhan: Hindu festival honouring the loving ties between brothers and sisters in a family.
AUGUST 17	Krishna Janmashtami: Hindu celebration of the birth of Krishna. Nightlong prayers are held in the temples. A two-day observance.
AUGUST 29	Ganesh Chaturthi: A day to honor Lord Ganesh, the presiding deity of all Hindu worship.
<u>JAIN</u>	
AUGUSH 30	Paryushana Parva: Eight day festival signifying human emergence into a new world of spiritual and moral refinement. Celebration of the natural qualities of the soul.
<u>JEWISH</u> AUGUST. 4-5	Tisha B'av: Day of fasting in remembrance of the destruction of the Temple in 516 B.C.E. and 70 C.E.

SEPTEMBER - 2014

JEWISH SEPTEMBER 24-26

Rosh Hashanah: Jewish New Year beginning 10 days of penitence concluded on Yom Kippur

OCTOBER - 2014

<u>BAHA'I</u>	
OCTOBER 20	Birth of the Bab: Anniversary of the birth of one of the twin Prophet Founders of the Baha'i Faith. (Work should be suspended on this day.)
<u>HINDU-JAIN-SIKH</u>	
OCTOBER 4	Dusshera: Hindu celebration of victory and valor. Lord Rama is remembered as winning a victory over evil.
OCTOBER 23-27	Diwali (Deepavali): Festival of Lights, symbolizing the human urge to move toward the light. Associated with one of the stories about the destruction of evil by Vishnu in one of his many manifestations.
ISLAM	
OCTOBER 3	Waqf al Arafa: Observance during Hajj when pilgrims pray for
	forgiveness and mercy.
OCTOBER 4	Eid al Adha: Islamic Feast of Sacrifice. The most important feast of Islam. It concludes the Hajj and is a three-day festival recalling Abraham's willingness to sacrifice his son in obedience to Allah.
OCTOBER 16	Shemini 'Atzeret': Eighth day of Sukkot, special prayers for rain. Completion of the annual cycle of reading of the Torah.
OCTOBER 17	Simchat Torah : Joyous festival in which the reading cycle of the Torah is completed and its first book begun again. Symbolized by singing, dancing, and marching around the Synagogue with Torah scrolls.
OCTOBER 25	Al-Hajj begins: Islamic pilgrimage rites at Mecca. Concludes with Eid al Adha when those not traveling to Mecca take part.
JEWISH	
OCTOBER 3-4	Yom Kippur: Jewish day of atonement, most solemn Jewish holy day, devoted to prayer, fasting and repentance.

NOVEMBER - 2014

BAHA'I	
NOVEMBER 12	Birth of Baha'u'llah: Commemorates the birth of the
	founder and teacher of the Baha'i faith in 1817. (Work
	should be suspended on this day.)
NOVEMBER 26	Day of the Covenant: Celebration of the covenant
	given in the last will and testament of Baha'u'llah. (Work
	is not suspended on this day.)
NOVEMBER 28	Ascension of Abdu'l-Baha: This day commemorates
	the passing of Abdu'l-Baha on this day in 1921. (Work is
	not suspended on this day.
CHRISTIAN	
NOVEMBER 1	All Saints Day: Christian celebration of lives of all the
	saints, especially those not having a special day:
	Eastern Orthodox churches observe day in mid-summer.
CHRISTIAN-EASTERI	N ORTHODOX CHRISTIAN
NOVEMBER 30	Advent: First Sunday of Advent begins the season of
	preparation for the coming of the Savior on Christmas.
ISLAM	
NOVEMBER 3	Ashura: A day of fasting, traditionally to commemorate
	the day Noah left the Ark and the day Moses was saved
	from the Egyptians by Allah.
<u>SIKH</u>	
NOVEMBER 6	Birthday Of Guru Nanak Dev Sahib: Observes the

6 Birthday Of Guru Nanak Dev Sahib: Observes the birth of the founder of the Sikh religion in 1469 C.E.

DECEMBER - 2014

AFRICAN/AMERICAN

Kwanzaa (7 days): Beginning of seven-day celebration of African-American values and traditions and their continued vitality. "Kwanzaa," in Kiswahili, means "first fruits of the harvest."
Bodhi Day: Buddhist celebration of the Enlightenment
of Buddha, ca. 596 B.C.E.
Feast of the Immaculate Conception: Celebrates the
Christian belief that Mary, mother of Jesus, was born without sin.
Festival of Our Lady of Guadalupe : Honors the patron saint of Mexico.
Christmas: Celebrates the birth of Jesus.
Hanukkah: Hanukkah is a Jewish holiday celebrated for
eight days and nights.

JANUARY - 2015

<u>BAHA'I</u> JANUARY 19	World Religion Day: Day dedicated to the unity and oneness of all world religions.
BUDDHIST JANUARY 31	Chinese, Korean, Japanese New Year: The celebrations end on the 15 th day of the First Moon with the Lantern Festival; people take lanterns into the street in a great parade
<u>CHRISTIAN</u> JANUARY 6	Epiphany: Christian commemoration of the manifestations of the divine nature of Jesus Christ.
<u>ISLAM</u> JANUARY 3	Milad al-Nabi: Commemoration of the birthday of the Prophet Mohammed, in 571 c.e. (Shia Muslims celebrate this 5 days later.)
<u>SIKH</u> JANUARY 5	Guru Gobind Singh's Birthday : Observation of the last of the human guru installed Sikh scriptures.

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FEBRUARY - 2015

BUDDHIST

FEBRUARY 8

CHRISTIAN FEBRUARY 18 **Nirvana Day:** Commemorates the death of Buddha, when he reached total Nirvana, at the age of 80.

Ash Wednesday: Ash Wednesday marks the first day, or the start of the season of Lent, which begins 40 days prior to Easter

HINDU FEBRUARY 17

Maha Shivaratri: Festival in honor of Lord Shiva and his marriage to the Goddess Parvati.

<u>JEWISH</u>

FEBRUARY 4

Tu B'shvat: Celebration of the coming of spring by preparation of foods native to Israel.

MARCH - 2015

<u>BAHA'I</u>	
MARCH 21	Naw-Ruz: The Baha'i New Year festival that falls on the spring equinox, fixed on this day for countries outside the Middle East. Naw-Ruz is the first day of the month of Baha, the first month in the Baha'i calendar. On this day work is suspended. During the day families spend time together. The evening is saved for fasting and celebrating.
BUDDHIST	
MARCH 16	Magha Puja: The second most important Buddhist festival. Commemorates the occasion when the Buddha predicted his death and recited a summary of his teachings and a code of discipline to his followers.
CHRISTIAN	
MARCH 29	Palm Sunday: On this day Christians celebrate the entry of Jesus into Jerusalem, the week before his death.
HINDU	
MARCH 6	Holi: Spring festival dedicated to the god of pleasure.
JEWISH	
MARCH 5	Purim: Feast of Lots. A day of joy and feasting to celebrate the deliverance of the Jews from a massacre planned by the Persian minister Haman.

APRIL - 2015

BAHA'I

APRIL 21 - MAY 2

Ridvan: Commemorates the declaration of Baha'u'llah to his followers in 1863. Work is suspended for the 1st, 9th, and 12th days.

CHRISTIAN – EASTERN OTHEODOX CHRISTIAN

APRIL 3	Good commer	Friday: norates the				Easter,	it
APRIL 5		Commemo death by o			rection o	f Jesus Ch	rist
<u>JEWISH</u>							
APRIL 3-11		er: Eight nce of the nies empha	Jews f	from slav	· -	5	the er″
APRIL 16	Memoria Holocau	Hasho'ah: alizes the st and em nce not lim	six m phasizo	iillion Je es respe	ws who	died in	
<u>SIKH</u>							

APRIL 14

Baisakhi: The harvest festival of North India and the beginning of the solar year. Greetings that wish good life in coming days are exchanged. Commemorates the founding of the Khalsa, a distinctive Sikh brotherhood.

MAY - 2015

BAHA'I	
MAY 23	Declaration of the Bab: The Bab announced the new faith and himself as the Forerunner of the "One Whom God Shall Make Manifest", Baha'u'llah. (Work should be suspended on this day.)
MAY 29	Ascension of Baha'u'llah: Anniversary of Baha'u'llah's
	death in 1892 concluding 40 years of captivity and exile.
	(Work should be suspended on this day.)
BUDDHIST	
MAY 4	Buddha Day-Visakha Puja (Wesak): The most
	important day of the year for Buddhists - celebrated on
	the full moon in May. Celebration of the birth of Buddha,
	and for some Buddhists, marks his birth and death.
<u>CHRISTIAN</u>	
MAY 14	Ascension Day: Commemorates the ascension of
	Jesus, which took place in the presence of the apostles
	40 days after the resurrection.
MAY 31	Pentecost: This day commemorates the descent of the
	Holy Spirit upon the apostles following the ascension of
	Jesus. Name indicates time 50 days after Easter.

JUNE - 2015

<u>CHRISTIAN</u>	
JUNE 24	Nativity of St. John the Baptist: Celebrates the birth of New Testament figure; patron saint of Puerto Rico; observed especially in Latino culture.
ISLAM	
JUNE 18	Ramadan: As a time to purify the soul, refocus attention on God, and practice self-sacrifice, Ramadan is much more than just not eating and drinking.
<u>JEWISH</u>	
MAY 23-25	Shavuot' (2 days): Celebration of Moses' descent from Mt. Sinai with the Ten Commandments.
<u>SIKH</u>	
JUNE 16	Martyrdom of Guru Arjan Dev: A time of remembering those who have suffered for their faith.