## **Polynomial Long Division Handout**

Find the quotient of each of the following using polynomial long division.

1) 
$$\frac{6x^3 - 16x^2 + 17x - 6}{3x - 2}$$

$$2) \ \frac{3x^3 - 17x^2 + 15x - 25}{x - 5}$$

$$3) \ \frac{x^4 + 3x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 2x + 3}$$

4) 
$$\frac{x^4 - x^3 - 12x^2 - 2x + 8}{x - 4}$$

$$5) \ \frac{6x^3 + 10x^2 + x + 8}{2x^2 + 1}$$

$$6) \ \frac{3x^3 - 16x^2 - 72}{x - 6}$$

7) 
$$\frac{x^5 - 4x^4 + 4x^3 - 13x^2 + 3x - 1}{x^2 + 3}$$

$$8) \ \frac{2x^3 + 5x^2 + 2x + 15}{2x^2 - x + 5}$$

**9)** Is 
$$x+2$$
 a factor of  $x^3+8$ ?

**10)** Is 
$$x-6$$
 a factor of  $3x^3-16x^2-72$ ?

11) Describe the manner in which you determined whether or not the given binomials above were factors of their respective polynomials.

12) When a polynomial p(x) is divided by x-1, the quotient is  $-2x^2 + 3x + 5 + \frac{12}{x-1}$ . What is p(x)? How did you find p(x)?