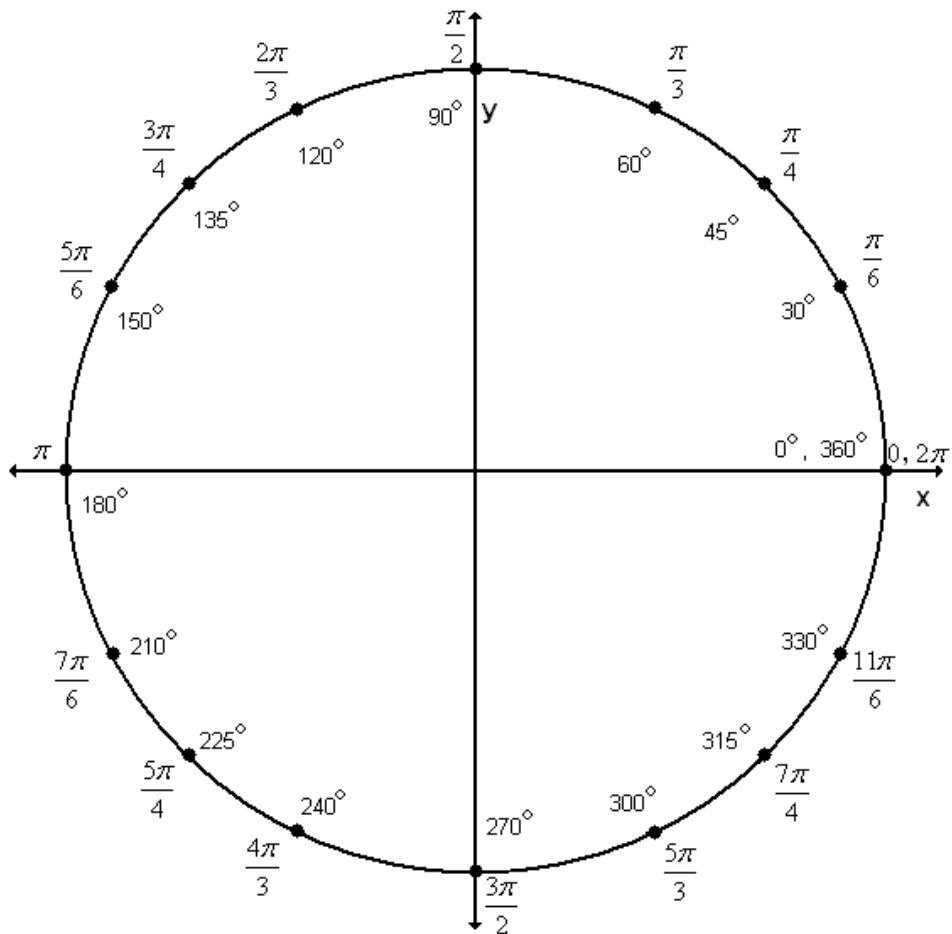


SPRING BREAK REVIEW PACKET



Use the unit circle above to find the exact value of the six trigonometric functions for each of the following angles.

A) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

B) 300°

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$

$\sec \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$

$\sec \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$

$\cot \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$

$\cot \theta =$

C) $-\frac{5\pi}{6}$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

D) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

E) $\frac{13\pi}{3}$

F) -240°

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

G) $-\frac{7\pi}{2}$

H) 135°

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

I) $\frac{13\pi}{6}$

J) $-\frac{2\pi}{3}$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\sin \theta =$ $\csc \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\cos \theta =$ $\sec \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

$\tan \theta =$ $\cot \theta =$

Use the unit circle to find the exact value of each of the following. (Exact value means no decimal approximations.)

$$1) \tan \frac{\pi}{4} =$$

$$2) \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} =$$

$$3) \cos \pi =$$

$$4) \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} =$$

$$5) \tan \left(-\frac{2\pi}{3} \right) =$$

$$6) \csc \frac{\pi}{3} =$$

$$7) \sec \frac{4\pi}{3} =$$

$$8) \cos \left(-\frac{11\pi}{6} \right) =$$

$$9) \sin \frac{13\pi}{4} =$$

$$10) \csc \left(-\frac{5\pi}{6} \right) =$$

$$11) \tan \left(-\frac{\pi}{6} \right) =$$

$$12) \cot \frac{2\pi}{3} =$$

$$13) \sec \left(-\frac{19\pi}{3} \right) =$$

$$14) \cot \frac{\pi}{4} =$$

$$15) \cot \frac{11\pi}{6} =$$

$$16) \cos \left(-\frac{9\pi}{2} \right) =$$

$$17) \sin \frac{21\pi}{4} =$$

$$18) \cot \frac{7\pi}{4} =$$

$$19) \sin \left(-\frac{7\pi}{6} \right) =$$

$$20) \cot \frac{26\pi}{3} =$$

$$21) \cos \frac{\pi}{3} =$$

22) Find all angles θ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ that satisfy the expression:

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

23) Find all angles θ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ that satisfy the expression:

$$\csc \theta = \sqrt{2} \quad \theta = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

24) Find all angles θ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ that satisfy the expression:

$$\tan \theta = \sqrt{3} \quad \theta = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

25) Find all angles θ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ that satisfy the expression:

$$\sin \theta = \pm \frac{1}{2} \quad \theta = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

Find the exact value of the six trigonometric functions of an angle θ , in standard position, given the following information.

26) Given $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$ the angle θ lies in quadrant II. **27)** Given $\tan \theta = \sqrt{3}$ the angle θ lies in quadrant III.

$$\sin \theta =$$

$$\csc \theta =$$

$$\sin \theta =$$

$$\csc \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta =$$

$$\sec \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta =$$

$$\sec \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta =$$

$$\cot \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta =$$

$$\cot \theta =$$

28) Given: $\cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}$, and $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \theta < 2\pi$

29) Given: $\csc \theta = \frac{3}{2}$, and $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \pi$

$$\sin \theta =$$

$$\csc \theta =$$

$$\sin \theta =$$

$$\csc \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta =$$

$$\sec \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta =$$

$$\sec \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta =$$

$$\cot \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta =$$

$$\cot \theta =$$

30) $\tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$, $\sin \theta < 0$

31) Given: $\cot \theta = \sqrt{2}$, $\cos \theta > 0$

$$\sin \theta = \quad \csc \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta = \quad \sec \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta = \quad \cot \theta =$$

$$\sin \theta = \quad \csc \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta = \quad \sec \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta = \quad \cot \theta =$$

Solve each of the following trigonometric equations. Find all solutions in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$.

32) $\tan^2 2x - 1 = 0$

33) $2 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x + 1 = 0$

34) $2 \cos^2 4x - 1 = 0$

35) $2 \sin^2 x = 2 + \cos x$

36) $\csc^3 x + 2 \csc^2 x - 2 \csc x - 4 = 0$

37) $2 \sin x \cos x - \cos x = 0$

38) Given $\cot x = -\frac{4}{3}$ and $\sin x < 0$, find $\sin 2x$.

39) Given $\tan x = \frac{5}{8}$ and $\sin x < 0$, find $\cos 2x$