“Europe After the Fall of Rome”
1. What was the essential difference between missionaries and monks?

2. Describe an important difference between St. Patrick and other missionaries.
Chapter 9-2 Cornell Notes: Key Terms

- Middle Ages
- medieval
- St. Patrick
- monks
Chapter 9-2 Cornell Notes: Key Terms

- St. Benedict
- Charlemagne
- monasteries
"Christianity Spreads to Northern Europe"

Fall of Rome;

Europe dangerous place w/ no central authority;

various groups fighting for control;

early 500s many small kingdoms;

start of the Middle Ages.
“Christianity Spreads to Northern Europe”

in the beginning most kingdoms not Christian;

Christianity only in former Roman provinces;

Christianity slowly spreads North through monks and missionaries.
Question: Why did the Pope send monks and missionaries to northern Europe?

1. To make Europe safer by providing spiritual support
2. To make Europe safer by providing military support
3. To make Europe safer by providing technical support
“Christianity Spreads to Northern Europe”

Pope sent monks and missionaries to make northern Europe “safer”;

St. Patrick early missionary in Ireland;

monks, unlike missionaries, lived apart from community in monasteries;

monks prayed/ worked/ meditated and followed St. Benedict’s Rules;

spread throughout Europe.
Think/Pair/Share: Please turn to your partner and discuss a reason for the decline in population at the time.
Chapter 9-2

Cornell Notes

Heading 2: “The Franks Build An Empire”

500s Franks conquer Gaul;

Clovis leader, became Christian;

Gaul one of the strongest kingdoms in Europe;

700s Charlemagne raised Gaul to empire;

religious scholarship flourished.
during Charlemagne’s reign, invaders threatened on all sides;

Vikings among the most fearsome.
Exit Ticket: Describe in your agenda a reason why the Vikings were so feared in Europe.